Year Group:	Autumn Term:	Spring Term:	Summer Term:
Reception:	ALL ABOUT ME	TRADITIONAL TALES AND FESTIVALS	CHANGES OVER TIME
	Looking at how information can also be found from the computers. — Children will be taught the parts of a computer and the purpose of using a computer. — begin to develop the skills are logging on and off.	Computing – how to log on and log off; begin using Espresso Computer Driving Licence; Purple Mash Bee-bots – programming and coding	Technology — purple mash and espresso.
Year 1:	ME, MYSELF AND I	1st HALF TERM- KATIE MORAG 2 ND HALF TERM- ON THE FARM	BUCKETS AND SPADES
	Digital literacy, introducing children to aspects of computing such as manipulating data, using the	Organise, store, retrieve & manipulate data.	Understand use of algorithms and coding.
	computer safely and launching applications.	Communicate online safely and respectfully Recognise uses of IT outside of school	Write & test simple programs.
	<u>Key Skills</u>	Recognise uses of 11 outstate of school	Key Skills
	Information Technology	Key Skills	Computer Science
	T	Information Technology	I understand and follow instructions to make
	I can complete a simple task on a computer or tablet	I can complete a simple task on a computer or tablet	something happen so it works.
	by following instructions. I know I need to save my work.	by following instructions I know I need to save my work	I can control the movement of a character using single commands (e.g. forward or turn).
	I can load my digital work (with some help)	I can load my digital work (with some help)	I can control the movement of a character using
	I can enter text in to my work.	I can enter text in to my work	MORE THAN ONE command (forward then turn) to
	I understand that you can enter numbers in to a	I understand that you can enter numbers in to a	make it work well.
	computer (e.g. to create a pictogram).	computer (e.g. to create a pictogram)	make te work wett.
	process (engineer constant at process) and	compater terg, to create a protegrand	Keeping Safe
	Keeping Safe	Digital Literacy	I know some basic internet safety rules.
	I know some basic internet safety rules.	I can find different types of information from	I can follow the school's safer internet rules.
	I can follow the school's safer internet rules.	different sources.	I can use passwords for TT Rockstars, Mathletics,
	I can use passwords for TT Rockstars, Mathletics,	I can recognise digital technology used in everyday	Spelling Shed etc.
	Spelling Shed etc.	life.	I know that personal information should not be
	I know that personal information should not be	I can start to understand that some work is online	shared online.
	shared online.	(internet based) and some offline.	I can use a password to access a secure network.

	I can use a password to access a secure network. I know I must tell a trusted adult if anyone tries to talk to me online.	Keeping Safe I know some basic internet safety rules. I can follow the school's safer internet rules. I can use passwords for TT Rockstars, Mathletics, Spelling Shed etc. I know that personal information should not be shared online. I can use a password to access a secure network. I know I must tell a trusted adult if anyone tries to talk to me online.	I know I must tell a trusted adult if anyone tries to talk to me online.
Year 2:	VISITING LONDON WITH PADDINGTON BEAR	AROUND THE WORLD IN 80 DAYS	LOOK LOCAL, THINK GLOBAL
		Computer Science	Computer Science - algorithms and de-bugging
	Computer Science	- Understand that an algorithm is a list of instructions	programs.
	Algorithms and de-bugging programs.	that must be done in the right order.	- Understand what algorithms are, how they are
	- Predicting outcomes of coding	- Create a list of instructions to make things happen	implemented as programs on digital devices, and that
	- Repeated instructions to gain desired outcome	really well (eg on device or App)	programs execute by following precise and
	- Code right angle turns	IT- Creating content, save and retrieve	unambiguous of instructions.
	Digital Literacy	- Save and load (retrieve) my work on a range of	
	IT- Creating content, save and retrieve	devices (eg laptops and tablets).	IT - creating content, save and retrieve.
	- Christmas lists, London pictures (geography link),	- Change what is in my work and the look of my	- Save and load (retrieve) my work, linked to Espresso
	Christmas cards	work (ie change the format)	Coding, on a range of devices (eg laptops and
	Keeping safe	Digital Literacy (link to research)	tablets).
	Keeping safe	- Select appropriate buttons to navigate web sites or	- Change what is in my work and the look of my
	- Internet safety rules	stored information.	work (ie change the format)
	- Use of passwords for TT Rockstars, Mathletics,	- Begin to understand that computers use icons,	B: :: 11:: (!: 1.
	Spelling Shed etc.	menus, hyperlinks to provide information and	Digital Literacy (link to research)
	- Understand different forms of communication	instructions.	- Find information on a website
	(emails, online forums)	- I can begin to understand that not all the content	- Click links in a website
	- Understanding pop-ups may take them away from a	on web sites is true (eg spoof websites).	- Print a web page to use as a resource
	main site.		- Experiment with text, pictures and animation to make a simple slide show
		Kaaning safa	
		Keeping safe	- Word process a piece of text

		- Use search engine agreed by the school Use the internet for learning and retrieving information Know that bookmarking is a way to find safe sites again Know it's not always possible to copy pictures and text from protected sites.	- Insert/delete a word using the mouse and arrow keys - Highlight text to change its format (B, U, I)? Keeping safe - Keeping safe online agenda Understand some of the dangers of the online world Understand that personal information should not be shared online Act if they find or see something inappropriate - Recognise advertising on websites and learn to ignore it.
Year 3/4	CYCLE A Digital literacy Information technology Computer science Algorithms and Programs Experiment with variables to control models. Make turns specifying the degrees. Make accurate predictions about the outcome of a program they have written. Using the Internet Find relevant information by browsing a menu. Search for an image, then copy and paste it into a document. Use 'Save picture as to save an image to the computer. Copy and paste text into a document. Use note making skills to decide what text to copy. Communicating Know the benefits of ICT to send messages and to communicate. Use the automatic spell checker to edit spellings.	CYCLE A Digital literacy Information technology Computer science Algorithms and programs: Experiment with variables to control models Use 90 degree and 45 degree turns Write more complex programs Presentation: Create a presentation that moves from slide to slide and is aimed at a specific audience Combine text, images and sound and show awareness of audience Manipulate text, underline text, centre text, change font and size and save text to a folder Use animation Communicating: Use spell checker Using the internet: Find relevant information by using a menu Search for image then copy and paste into a document Use 'Save picture as' to save an image to the computer Copy and paste text into a document Use note-making skills to decide that text to copy Open a link to a new window Open a document/PDF and view it	CYCLE A Information technologu Data Retrieving and Organising: Choose images and download into a file Copy graphics from a range of sources and paste into a desktop publishing program Use photo editing software to crop photos and add effects Databases: Sort and search a database to answer simple questions Recognise what a spreadsheet is Use the terms: cell, rows and columns Enter data, highlight it and make bar charts

CYCLE B

Digital literacy Information technology Computer science

Information Technology:

- Use email address book
- Open and send an attachment
- To appreciate the benefits of ICT to send messages and to
 communicate.

Computer science:

- Experiment with variables to control models
- Use 90 degree and 45 degree turns

Databases:

Input data into a prepared database

Using the internet:

- Use a search engine to find a specific website
- Use tabbed browsing to open 2 or more web pages at the same time

CYCLE B

Digital literacy Information technology Computer science

Algorithms and Programs

- Give an on-screen robot specific directional instructions that takes them from x to y?
- Make accurate predictions about the outcome of a program they have written.
- Use repeat instructions to draw regular shapes on screen, using commands.

Database

- Input data into a prepared database.
- Sort and search a database to answer simple questions.
- Recognise what a spread sheet is.
- Use the terms 'cells', 'rows' and 'columns.
- Enter data, highlight it and make bar charts.

Using the Internet

- Find relevant information by browsing a menu.
- Search for an image, then copy and paste it into a document.
- Use 'Save picture as to save an image to the computer.
- Copy and paste text into a document?

CYCLE B

Digital literacy Information technology Computer science

Digital literacy Information technology Computer science

Algorithms and Programs

- Experiment with variables to control models.
- Make turns specifying the degrees.
- Make accurate predictions about the outcome of a program they have written.

Presentation

- Create a lengthy presentation that moves from slide to slide and is aimed at a specific audience.
- Insert sound recordings into a multi-media presentation
- Manipulate text, underline text, centre text, change font and size and save text to a folder.

Using the Internet

- Use a search engine to find a specific website.
- Use note-taking skills to decide which text to copy and paste into a document.
- Use tabbed browsing to open two or more web pages at the same time.
- Open a link to a new window.
- Open a document (PDF) and view it.

E-Safety

Knowledge and Understanding:

- Understand the need for rules to keep them safe when exchanging learning and ideas online
- Recognise that information on the internet may not be accurate or reliable and may be used for bias, manipulation or persuasion
- Understand that the internet contains fact, fiction and opinion and begin to distinguish between them
- Use strategies to verify information, e.g. cross-checking
- Understand the need for caution when using an internet search for images and what to do if they find an unsuitable image
- Understand that copyright exists on most digital images, video and recorded music
- Understand the need to keep personal information and passwords private

Understand that if they make personal information available online it may be seen and used by others Respond if asked for personal information or feel unsafe about content of a message Recognise that cyber bullying is unacceptable and will be sanctioned in line with the school's policy Know how to report an incident of cyber bullying Know the difference between online communication tools used in school and those used at home Understand the need to develop an alias for some public online use Understand that the outcome of internet searches at home may be different than at school Skills: Follow the school's safer internet rules Recognise the difference between the work of others which has been copied (plagiarism) and re-structuring and re-presenting materials in ways which are unique and new Begin to identify when emails should not be opened and when an attachment may not be safe Explain how to use email safely Use different search engines Cycle One: WWI & WWII Cycle One: Lights, Camera, Action! Cycle One: Year 5/6 Raging Rivers Multimedia presentation, (WWII PPT) Creating own film for end of year Rainfall comparisons on Excel - Rivers Can they listen to streaming audio such as online **Movie Trailers –** creating own using software Database/Excel - World radio? packages Can they download and listen to podcasts? Can they work on simple film editing? Can they create a formula in a spreadsheet and Can they produce and upload a podcast? Can they use a range of presentation then check for accuracy and plausibility? applications? Can they manipulate sounds using Audacity? Can they search databases for information using Do they consider audience when editing a simple symbols such as = G or q? Can they select music from open sources and film? incorporate it into multimedia presentations? Can they create databases planning the fields, Do they know how to prepare and then present rows and columns? Can they make a home page for a website that a simple film? contains links to other pages? Can they create graphs and tables to be copied Can they use ICT to record sounds and capture and pasted into other documents? Can they capture sounds, images and video?

both still and video images?

- Can they use the word count tool to check the length of a document?
- Can they use bullets and numbering tools?
- Can they present a film for a specific audience and then adapt same film for a different audience?
- Can they create a sophisticated multimedia presentation?
- Can they confidently choose the correct page set up option when creating a document?
- Can they confidently use text formatting tools, including heading and body text?
- Can they use the 'hanging indent' tool to help format work where appropriate (e.g. a play script)?

Graphs (conversion: imperial & metric)

Computer Science (Y6 Starter unit)

Block coding

Unit 6 starter Y6

Computer Science

Unit 6a Complex variables

Discovery Education (Espresso)

In this unit pupils learn to use variables in more complex ways, and to manipulate inputs to create useful outputs.

CYCLE 2 Black Country

Computer Science (5a Speed, direction and coordinates)

- · Can they explain how an algorithm works?
- Can they detect errors in a program and correct them?
- Can they use an ICT program to control a number of events for an external device?
- Can they use ICT to measure sound, light or temperature using sensors and interpret the data?
- Can they explore 'what if' questions by planning different scenarios for controlled devices?
- Can they use input from sensors to trigger events?
- Can they check and refine a series of instructions?

- Can they collect live data using data logging equipment?
- Can they identify data error, patterns and sequences?
- Can they use the formulae bar to explore mathematical scenarios?
- Can they create their own database and present information from it?

.

Computer Science (6b object properties)

Discovery Education (Espresso)

In this unit pupils learn more about how computers use property values and parameters to store information about objects.

Cycle Two: Crime and Punishment

Coding and gaming
Film making — use of iPad and media software
(reports)

- Can they use instant messaging to communicate with class members?
- Can they conduct a video chat with someone elsewhere in the school or in another school?

Discovery Education (Espresso)

This unit gives an overview or recap of the main concepts in all previous units from 1a to 3b.

Cycle Two: Ancient Greece

Researching and producing leaflets on Ancient Greek Gods

Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content (Research Greek Gods)

- Can they use a search engine using keyword searches?
- Can they compare the results of different searches?
- Can they decide which sections are appropriate to copy and paste from at least two web pages?
- Can they save stored information following simple lines of enquiry?

Information Technology

Select, use and combine a variety of software on a range of devices to design a range of content

Powerpoints/leaflets on Black Country (or R.E. project)

Can they add special effects to alter the appearance of a graphic? (ART)

Can they make an information poster using their graphics skills to good effect? (Campaign poster for RRSA)

Computer Science 5b Random numbers and simulations)

Block coding

Unit 5b Random numbers and simulations

Discovery Education (Espresso)

In this unit pupils learn how computers can generate random numbers and how these can be used in simulations

Information Technology

Blogging (link in social media use) Write a blog as Stanley?

Can they download a document and save it	
to the computer?	
Can they contribute to discussions online?	
 Can they use a search engine using keyword searches? 	
 Can they use complex searches using such as '+' 'OR' "Find the phrase in inverted commas"? 	
commus :	
Coding	
Computer Science (Y5 Starter unit) (2019/20) Block coding	
Unit 5 starter Y5 Discovery Education (Espresso)	
Can they combine sequences of instructions	
and procedures to turn devices on or off?	
Do they understand input and output?	
 Can they use an ICT program to control an external device that is electrical and/or mechanical? 	

Can they use ICT to measure sound or light	
or temperate using sensors?	
Can they explore 'What is' questions by	
playing adventure or quest games?	
Can they write programs that have	
sequences and repetitions?	
Design, write and debug programs that accomplish	
specific goals, including controlling or simulating	
physical systems; solve problems by decomposing	
them into smaller parts (Coding)	
use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs;	
work with variables and various forms of input and	
output (Coding)	
Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly;	
recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify	
a range of ways to report concerns about content	
and contact	
Internet Safety Lessons	
 	-

Throughout the year, including focus days (Antibullying. Safer Internet Week, Assemblies)	
 Can they discuss the positive and negative impact of the use of ICT in their own lives and those of their peers and family? Do they understand the potential risk of providing personal information online? Do they recognise why people may publish content that is not accurate and understand the need to be critical evaluators of content? Do they understand that some websites and/or pop-ups have commercial interests that may affect the way the information is presented? Do they recognise the potential risks of using internet communication tools and understand how to minimise those risks (including scams and phishing)? Do they understand that some material on the internet copyrighted and may not be copied or downloaded? Do they understand that some messages may be malicious and know how to deal with this? Do they understand that online environments have security settings, which can be altered, to protect the user? Do they understand the benefits of developing a 'nickname' for online use? Do they understand that some malicious adults may us various techniques to make contact and elicit personal 	 Can they make safe choices about use of technology? Do they use technology in ways which minimises risk, e.g. responsible use of online discussions, etc? Can they create strong passwords and manage them so that they remain strong? Can they independently, and with regard for e-safety, select and use appropriate communication tools to solve problems by collaborating and communicating with others within and beyond school? Can they competently use the internet as a search tool? Can they reference information sources? Can they use appropriate strategies for finding, critically evaluating, validating and verifying information, e.g. using different keywords, skim reading to check relevance of information, cross checking with different websites or other non ICT resources? Can they use knowledge of the meaning of different domain names and common website extensions (e.gco.uk; .com; .ac; .sch; .org; .gov; .net) to support validation of information?

- Do they know that it is unsafe to arrange to meet unknown people online?
- Do they know how to report any suspicions?

 Do they understand they should not publish other people's pictures or tag them on the internet without permission?
- Do they know that content put online is extremely difficult to remove?
- Do they know what to do if they discover something malicious or inappropriate?